## Rejoicing Sowers and Reapers (John 4:34-54)

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July 29, 2012, at Harvey Park Baptist Church, Denver, CO

Message posted at <u>www.TheMessageofLife.com</u>

INTRODUCTION

## EXPOSITION

Unlike the woman, the twelve ignored sowing opportunity (4:34-35)

Despite reward for sowing, He told them to join in reaping (4:35-38)

Many believed because of what Jesus told the woman (4:39)

He stayed two days at the Samaritans' request (4:40)

Many more believed after hearing Him themselves (4:41-42)

## He left Sychar for Galilee, since prophets are not celebrities at home (4:43-44)

This verse starts w/ For, explaining either His arrival (or departure).

- 1. Some see it as explaining His departure from Judea, but (1) He left Judea three days earlier, (2) 4:1-2 already explained His departure from Judea. The departure from Judea requires no further explanation.
  - I reject view 1, so I do not see <u>Judea</u> as His home region, despite birth in Judea to Joseph/Mary (Judeans by birth).
- 2. No one views 4:43 as explaining His departure from Samaria, because Samaria cannot be His *patria*. (He neither lived in Samaria nor had Samaritan ancestry.

I cannot see Samaria as His home region.

3. That leaves <u>Galilee</u> as His home region. 4:43 explains that He came to Galilee (where he grew up) because He was not a celebrity there.

Since 4:45 speaks of a positive reception in Galilee (His home region), I regard 4:43 positively. How is this?

Galilee welcomed Him (not as celebrity), having seen His signs at Passover (4:45)

As Jesus returned to Cana, a royal official urged Him to come 3 to heal his dying son (4:46-47)

Messianic signs were essential to cause Jews to believe (4:48)

1Cor 1:22 For Jews request a sign & Greeks seek after wisdom.

Jews sought signs as proof of the Messiah by God's design:

Deut 18<sup>15</sup> The Lord your God will raise up for you a Prophet like me

[Moses] ... Him you shall hear... <sup>18</sup> "I will raise up for them a Prophet like you from among their brethren, and will put My words in His mouth, and He shall speak to them all that I command Him. <sup>19</sup> ... whoever will not hear My words, which He speaks in My name, I will require it of him. <sup>20</sup> But the prophet who presumes to speak a word in My name, which I have not commanded him to speak, or who speaks in the name of other gods, that prophet shall die." <sup>21</sup> And if you say in your heart, "How shall we know the word which the LORD has not spoken?" — <sup>22</sup> when a prophet speaks in the name of the LORD, if the thing does not happen or come to pass, that is the thing which the LORD has not spoken; the prophet has spoken it presumptuously; you shall not be afraid of him.

John's Gospel has 8 signs proving Jesus is Messiah (20:30-31) 4:48 does not rebuke the father. Jesus states God's design.

Seeking signs was fine, but Jews <u>often</u> asked for another sign <u>while rejected the very sign Jesus offered them</u>. The father wants a sign & willingly goes in faith alone (v 50).

The father told Jesus to come with him to spare his son (4:49)

Hearing, "Your son lives;" the man went <u>believing</u> (4:50) 4 4:50, 51, 53 say: "Your son lives" [v 51 says "child"]

His servants met him, saying, "Your son lives" (4:51)

He asked when his son got well; "7:00 yesterday" (4:52)

Knowing this was when Jesus said, "Your son lives," both father & household believed (4:53)

Why does John say the father believed twice (4:50 & 53)?

This was the 2nd Galilean sign (witnessed by disciples) (4:54) John chose disciple-witnessed signs (John 20:30f & 21:24f)

CONCLUSION